THE HUNTRESS.

EDUCATION *The main pillar which sustains the Temple of Liberty.*—JEFFERSON

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THE HUNTRESS
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BY
MRS. ANNE ROYALL
At the corner of North B. and third streets, Capitol Hill,

WASHINGTON CITY D. C.

SATURDAY MARCH 16, ::::::::::::1850

From the [Ga.] Bee.

THE DISOWNED.

BY GRACE, OF WOOD DELL.

'Go, ingrate, go! and never again blight my eyes with your presence! You have disgraced your family—you broke your mother's heart, and have caused me to regret most bitterly that I ever had a child!'

These words were addressed by a stern-faced man, to a tall, pale stripling, who stood nervously crushing a straw hat between his palms. He made no reply to the stern mandate, but kept his eyes fixed upon the hat.

'Go, Charles Archer—go at once!'

Still the youth stirred not, spoke not, tho' the constantly changing color of his face and the quivering of his white lips, revealed the emotions that were struggling within.

'Why do you wait, idiot? Is money your wish? I think you will sink fast enough without that to drag you down.'

At the close of this cutting speech, the manner of the youth changed entirely. A crimson glow burned within each smooth cheek, while all the rest of his face was as pale as ashes—his eyes flashed and he drew up his slender figure to its full height.

'I go sir, but upon you, unrelenting parents, rests my ruin—if I am ruined! You have never spared me—even in merest childhood my little faults were punished with the utmost severity—and often when a forgiving word from you would have melted my wild spirit to repentance, and saved me from farther sin, you have frozen my better nature by your cold, harsh treatment, and now I am afraid I shall go down—down to perdition.'

The excited youth paused, and removed his dark, burning eyes from the face of his father, and again bent the yielding hat.

He had never before presumed to speak in reply to his parent's reproaches, but now he was goaded so severely that the words could not be forced back; the tongue would express the heart's promptings.

'And you were waiting in order to add insult to your other sins, vile reprobate!' muttered the father in deep hissing tones, and he garded the boy with an expression of hatred.

Again the youth's manner changed, and his face became pale and paler; a mournful look subdued the glare of defiance which had just gleamed from his eyes, and two bright tear-drops fell upon the crushed hat.

'God knows I waited not for that; but sir, I—I—wish to see my mother once before I go,' said he, raising his face with an imploring look.

Mr. Archer mused a moment and then said in half relenting tones, 'It is but natural boy, that you should wish to see her, though grief for your misdemeanor has laid her upon her death-bed. The door of her room is slightly ajar; you may look in, but don't presume to speak to her, or let her see you; she is now sleeping.'

'Oh, father—'

'Call me not by that name! you have forfeited all right to address me by so endearing a title!' was the fierce interruption.

'May I not just speak to her, and ask her forgiveness and blessing?' humbly pleaded the youth.

'No, by the Rood! You shall no more wring her poor heart. Go, now, from this house, and carry with you the thought that you have brought your mother in sorrow to the grave!'

Charles looked in the wrathful face darkening upon him, and again the daring, all-defying spirit broke bounds, and casting a look of terrible meaning at his father, turned upon his heel and left the room, determined never again to enter it.

Was not that unhappy parent wrong in the course he pursued towards his erring child? Surely he was, and the time was at hand when he would bewail his harshness in sackcloth and ashes. Mr. Archer was a wealthy and educated man. He possessed a strong sense of honor, which, however, was often clouded by his fiery, overbearing spirit, that could not brook the least opposition. He was a man that would not throw the mantle of charity over the deviations of his fellow beings from the path of rectitude, though he was himself frequently led into error by his passionate, misguided temper. His wife was the gentlest and most yielding creature that ever blossomed in this world; his will was her law, and she was much attached to him; indeed, she had never been the object of his angry fits, because she had never thwarted him. She loved her child tenderly, though she was often grieved by his way ward course; still the father took the management of the lad into his own hands and she had but little influence, though Charles entertained for his quiet mother a deep affection, which as we have seen, did not deter him from the commission of many misdeeds. He possessed much of his father's impetuous nature, though it was softened by some of his mother's gentle qualities. If the boy had been properly managed, he would have been a fine, highminded fellow, but here was the fault—the impulse had not been trained to take a correct course, and in childhood he was perpetually erring, and perpetually repenting, till the hardening processes of his father adopted for his reformation made him thoroughly reckless. He was sent to college, and at the age of 18 expelled, and given over as utterly incorrigible. We have introduced him at the time of his return home after his college disgrace.

This would seem a small circumstance to change a parent's love to such bitter hate, but it was the crown of a mountain of offences, & touched the pride of his father in a tender spot and really almost broke his mother's heart. It was the spring of the year and nearly the sunset hour. Charles rushed down the broad stairs out of the open door, and paused not until he found himself beneath a favorite old tree, and free from observation. He flung himself upon the green sward, and for a time terrible thoughts and resolves held tumultuous domain over his mind. He looked at the beautifully tinted clouds that were furled in the west like thousands of banners, but their beauties only made him more desperate. A river bounded through the fields a short distance from him, and as the sound of the murmuring waters fell softly upon his ear, an evil prompter whispered him to go finish his existence. He started up, and stride to the river's bank, there was a precipitous rocky bank, the sides of which were overgrown with dwarfish shrubs of moss, a little distance from him, and at the foot of that the water flowed fifteen or twenty feet

'A fine place to plunge in,' thought he and climbed the steep hill side. As his head came above the hill, a fair face rose upon the opposite side.

'Mary Gray!' exclaimed he, lowering his eyes in deep abasement; for he thought how unworthy he was even to speak her name, and she too, was embarrassed, but they were old acquaintances, and Mary smiled, and greeted him with a cordiality which evidently to his sensitive spirit was forced.

She had heard of his college disgrace, but she knew that he was now an outcast.

With a sorrowful smile he extended his hand and said:

Mary, good bye forever and ever.'

'Ah where are you going Charles Archer?' she inquired, with no small degree of interest.

'I know not but you are here in season to see me take passage for that mysterious place. 'from whence no traveller returnes.' Oh Mary would I were better for your sake but I am lost—'

In another moment he had disappeared over the steep bank and rushed to the verge; she saw the bank water close over him.

She ran shrieking down the hill for assistance! that alas! was not at hand.—She reached Mr. Archer's residence, when she saw that gentleman traversing the garden walks. She hurried up to him and with bloodless lips related the scene she had just witnessed Then that unhappy parent was awakened to an almost overwhelming sense of his loss.—Rousing his servents they hurred to the stream and some plunged in at once, while others ran along the bank Poor Mary ran to and fro, her hair floating wildly in the wind and wringing her hands in much anguish; for though scarcely sixteen she had cherished more than a sisterly regard for the unfortunate boy. Her father had suspected the attachment, and strongly forbade it for these were but little more than children and he determined to check it in the bud, for he saw an alliance with Archer would bring nothing but sorrow and misery upon his child.

But will that perverseness said to be a characteristic of her sex, she fostered an attachment for her troth, to untutored imaginations, 'wild,' appeared as rather creditable and she sagely told an elder sister that the most dissipated young man frequently became the very best old man.

But now she thought of nothing but Charles pershing in the dangerous element She could not see him neither could men They swam about the stream til about exhausted in search of the body but it could not be found, and it was supposed that the rapid current had carried it down the river. It was searched of day after day by Mr. Archer, who bitterly mourned the untimely death of his child As soon as he was beyond his reach he saw how he might have managed to reform him: but was now too late and at the close of the tenth day he returned home accompanied by his neighbors who had manfully aided in the search and give up all hopes of recovering the boy. He entered the room where his wife was daily wasting away, She raised her eyes in his weary, haggard face with an eager look.

'No success, Margaret, our poor boy can never be permitted a Christian burial

Mrs. Archer made no reply but turned her face towards the wall and tears rolled down her sunken cheeks like rain.

'May God forgive me for every harsh word I ever gave that lost child.' cried the wretched man dropping upon his knees.

A low, soft voice responded a fervant amen.

It was Mrs. Archer who could not conceal from herself the truth She felt that her husband was in a measure the cause of their child's fearful end though she knew not of that last meeting in the library, or how her son plead in vain to see her once more, and it was well that she did not—she could not have survived the knowledge.

Mr Archer did not forget it, the still small voice' goaded him almost to madness and wrought a great change in his hard heart.

He was no longer that imperious, exacting man of former times, but mild and forbearing. He had ever been a money making man, but now that object was forgotten, and impelled by his newly awakened spirit, he strove to lay up treasure in heaven.

He prayed constantly that his gentle companion might be spared to him yet a little longer and a merciful Father heeded his petition.

Ten years passed away, and the memory of Charles Archer was like a dream of the past, with all save his father and mother, and Mary Grey She had never married. There are many who denounce all womankind as false and changeful creatures! they are most sincere in their denunciations and doubtless think them richly merited, but these persons, look no deeper than the surface, and do not even know that they are so unjust as to condemn the whole for the short comings of a few.

Our Mary Grey did not belong to the changeable class. She still cherished the remembrance of her lost love, but it was enshrined in her heart of hearts and none, not even her own family, suspected its existence.

She had given a true account to Mr. Archer of her last interview with Charles, and the attachment of the son was perpetuated by the father, who loved her as his own child.

These ten years had wrought many changes. Mrs. Grey had died, and her husband had placed a step mother over the children—the eldest daughter had married: and the youngest had been laid in a lowly grave by the side of its mother, and Mary was the only remaining child at home.

Mr. Archer had long wished to adopt her, and now for the first time Mr. Grey consented to go with her to him, and Mary went to cheer the home of the childless friends.

CONCLUDED NEXT WEEK.

WASHING MADE EASY,

OR

HOW TO WASH WITHOUT MACHINES,

WASHBOARDS OR POUNDING BARRELS,

SEND ME ONE DOLLAR, Free of Postage and I will send you, by mail a printed circular, giving plain directions for Washing Clothes that will enable one person to do all the washing of a large family before breakfast, thus avoiding day. This method requires no machine, washboards or pounding barrels—no Turpentine, or Camphene, or other offensive article. No Rubbing the skin off Your Fingers—no tearing off buttons and wearing out clothes this plan saves the Clothes, makes them and never injures the finest fabric. The articles used cost but a few cents for a large washing and can be obtained any where.

The circular also contains directions for Clear starching, Ironing laces, Washing and Cleaning silks, kid Gloves, removing stains, Grease spots, Mildew from Linen, Raising the Nap of Velvet, &c. &.

These are the greatest chemical discoveries of the age.—All the Hotels Steamers and large Laundry establishments use my method of washing.

To avoid Imitations and counterfeits be sure to direct your letter to

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Corner of seventh and D sts. opposite Nat. Intelligencer. Bank notes on all solvent banks in the United States bought and sold at the best rates.

Drafts, notes and bills on Washington, Georgetown, and Alexandria, collected and remittances promptly made in Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, or Boston, funds at a charge of one quarter per cent, collections made on all the principle cities of the Union upon the most favorable terms.

Exchange, Bills of exchange and bank checks on the most principal cities of the nion bought and sold at the best rates.

WASHINGTON CITY D. C.

SATURDAY MARCH 16, ::::::::::::1850

THE NATIONAL ERA, & JUDGE JAY'S LETTER.

The Era has to print the letter in a supplement, there is such a demand for it, and the comments of its friends. From the Era:

"Our readers will be glad to be put in possession of the following articles. They appeared recently in papers published in the city of New York. We were desired to republish some of them in the Era, but the crowded state of the paper obliges us to throw them into an EXTRA. Judge Jay's Letter was published in the New York Evening Post. It has excited considerable attention there, and will, we doubt not, in other parts of the country. In argument and style it is worthy of its distinguished author."

We should wonder if it did not excite, when it was done for that very purpose. He ransacked all history—the history of mobs and monarchies to cull not the best, but the worst acts and sentiment of governments, and men to assist in degrading the country that gave him birth. "Exposes Mr. Clay's 2d resolution." He exposes his own ignorance and his enmity to the peace and happiness of his own country. The difference is manifested on the face of it. Mr. Clay is aiming to allay and sooth the angry feelings—the unfortunate dissensions of the country, let the result turn out as it may, his intentions are good, his heart is patriotic.

In all political compromises some things must be sacrificed for the general good of the whole, and moreover, no man is perfect, and in his eagerness for the good of his country, and the sake of peace, he may have overlooked minor things with a view of securing the most important.

But now mark the difference. Judge Jay, instead of uniting with Mr. Clay, and any other or more Senators who are doing all they can to tranquilize the country—he is doing all he can to aggravate it, by throwing firebrands amongst the deluded people, already excited almost to madness. He is quite a model of a Judge, he is to be sure; and what a model for a christian!

"Mr. Clay has long been a favorer of those field sports in which the prey is MAN."

"Speak evil of no man," says the Scriptures.

It is well known that Mr. Clay is the friend of mankind, generous and warmhearted as a Prince—whereas this Mr. Judge J. is the bitterness of gaul itself. He would be at a loss to find hemp sufficient to hang the Heritics should his party, unfortunately for this country, succeed in establishing an absolute Heirarcy. Wat a fine gentleman for a Judge—were we to give an opinion, ignorant as we are of law phrases, we should say the letter was an incendiary paper throughout, and the writer probably the author of the Pastoral Letter, has too much ferocity in his heart to live in civilized society.

Now the Friends, or Quakers are opposed to Slavery, and have been the cause of many being set free, yet all their effort are marked with peace.

THE TRIUMPH OF REASON, VIRTUE, & PATRIOTISM.—Hon. D. Webster, and Hon. R. C. Winthrop must have startled the people all round, and clapt a damper upon the Free Soilers and disunionists. We looked in the Era to see what he had to say about it, but as yet, it is silent as night.

Hon. D. WEBSTER'S SPEECH.

It would be superfluous to quote an example from any portion of this colossean speech, in preference to another. It is alike great eloquent and patriotic. There is an unrivalled grandeur of syle, and the most undaunted independence running through the whole of it—a noble disinterestedness marks every sentence. But no words can do justice to its excellence. That part of it however, which relates to the dissolution of the Union, pleases us the best, speaking of this he says:

"Nobody can see where its population is the most dense and growing, without being ready to admit, and compelled to admit, that ere long America will be in the valley of the Mississippi.

Well, now, sir, I beg to inquire what the wildest enthusiast has to say on the possibility of cutting off that river and leaving free States at its source and its branches, and slave States down near its mouth? Pray sir, pray sir, let me say to the people of this country that these things are worthy of their pondering and of their consideration. Here sir, are five millions of freemen in the free States north of the river Ohio; can any body suppose that this population can be severed by a line that divides them from the territory of a foreign and an alien Government, down somewhere, the Lord knows where, upon the lower banks of the Mississippi? What would become of Missouri? Will she join the arrondisement of the slave States? Shall the man from the Yellow Stone and the Mad River be connected in the new Republic with the man who lives on the southern extremity of the Cape of Florida? Sir, I am ashamed to pursue this line of remark. I dislike it—I have an utter disgust for it. I would rather hear of natural blasts and mildews, war, pestilence, and famine, than to hear gentlemen talk of secession. To break up! to break up this great Government—to dismember this great country—to astonish Europe with an act of folly such as Europe for two centuries has never beheld in any Government! No sir; no sir! There will be no secession. Gentlemen are not serious when they talk of secession.

Sir, I hear there is to be a Convention held at Nashville. I am bound to believe that if worthy gentlemen meet at Nashville in Convention, their object will be to adopt counsels conciliatory—to advise the South to forbearance and moderation, and to advise the North to forbeasance and moderation; and to inculcate principles of brotherly love and affection, and attachment to the constitution of the country as it now is. I believe, if the Convention meet at all, it will be for this purpose; for certainly, if they meet for any purpose hostile to the Union, they have been singularly inappropriate in their selection of a place. I remember sir, that when the treaty was concluded between France and England at the peace of Amiens, a stern old Englishman and an orator, who dishked the terms of the peace as ignominious to England, said in the House of Commons that if King William could know the terms of the treaty he would turn in his coffin. Let me commend the saying, in all its emphasis and in all its force, to any body who shall meet at Nashville for the purpose of concerting measures for the overthrow of the Union of this country over the bones of Andrew Jackson."

What think of this gentlemen of the western States, we mean Ohio, Indiana, &c. &c. where will ye go with your produce if this takes place? will ye venture amongst those hotespurs of New Orleans? "Oh but we will have New Orleans and all," they may say. It appears from a Circular just come to light, they are trying for the whole country.

Hon. R. C. WINTHROP.

Did we not say there were many noble souls in New England—

"The honorable member, in the course of a speech in which he has misrepresented and assailed at least one half of the northern members of this House, has told us that he is a member of 'the reviled Free Soil sect.' Good heavens, sir! if they are to be reviled, who are the revilers, and what must they be? Never in the whole history of our country—never, since the existence of political parties any where—has there been a party which, under the pretext of philanthropy, has so reviled and luxuriated in malice, hatred and uncharitableness—in vituperation, calumny and slander—as this 'reviled Free soil sect.' I speak of their principal leaders and organs, as I know them in my own part of the country, and not of the great mass of their followers, there or elsewhere, who, I doubt not, are led along by honest impulses, and many of whom, I as little doubt, are disgusted with the music of their own trumpeters. Never, sir, I repeat, has there been witnessed in this country, or on the face of the globe, such an audacity of false statement and false accusation, as that with which some of their presses have teemed. Never have there been baser stabs at character than those with which some of their speeches have reeked."

National Intelligencer.

But how shall we forgive Mr. W. for tearing up our friend Hon. J. M. Root. Ah! Mr. R. you were made to go about doing good, but alas! these ardent pursuers of a union between Church and State, have sadly deluded you.

But to return to Mr. Winthrop. He is perhaps for his age, amongst the ablest men in this country—his worth is enhanced on every account that ennobles man.

But to the Circular—look out Congress, 'for the Philistines will be upon you."

"It is believed that now is the time, when there are so many pledged friends of the cause in Congress, to resume petitioning with augmented effort. We invoke the aid therefore of every friend of the slave of every anti-Slavery citizen, of every true hearted American in this work of humanity and patriotism. Let earnest efforts be made to awaken our citizens to the momentous importance of the present crisis and to unite them in one loud and urgent demand on their Representatives to grant the prayers of our petitions.

Does the reader ask, what can I do? We answer:—

1. Call together a few intelligent and active friends of the cause, and read to them this Circular, and the annexed forms of Petitions.

2 Adopt prompt and systematic measure to have each legal voter called upon for his signature.

3. Separate these forms of Petitions, and attach each to a sheet of paper properly ruled.

4. Get those who can be depended upon to circulate the Petitions, and procure the signature of every citizen to each of them.

5. Have the Petitions collected and transmitted as soon as possible, with a letter signed by a few prominent constituents, to the Member of Congress from your District or State. The papers should be folded for filing with an endorsement stating that it is the Petition of——citizens and Electors of——, with the date.

6. Get the Circulars and Petitions inserted in all the newspapers and magazines in your County. Request the Editors to advocate the prayer of the Petitions during the whole session of congress.

Get suitable persons to write for the new paper, and correspond with the friends of the cause throughout your country and State.

8. Petition your Legislature, and try to influence the members to right action at the present crisis.

9. Please mail a copy of each of the newspapers in your Country that publishes the Circular and Petitions, or either of them, to Lewis Tappan, Cor. Sec. New York Unless sent from the printing office the postage must be pre-paid.

Doubtless other matters will suggest themselves to you.

☞If for any cause, you cannot pay immediate personal attention to the subject we peg you to put the Circular, &c into the hands of some well principle and efficient person who will attend to the matter without delay in a thorough and business like manner.

The Slave power is now making a desperte and final effort to prevent the admission of California, with the prohibition of Slavery, and any such porhibition by Congress in resqect to New Mexico, and thus to secure its permanent ascendency on the North American continent. Its success will be the triumph of evil, involving the subjection of Northern insterests to the aristocracy of the South, and a mightly empire to the various curses attendant upon human bondage. To attain success, resort is had to threats of dissolution—threats evidently intended for intimidation, since if carried into execution, they would result in the ruin of the masters and the liberation of the slaves. Should the effort now fail, Slavery will never hereafter acquire sufficient strength to pass its presents limits, and the world will in time be delivered from one of the direst scourges that has ever afflicted humanity.

William Jay, Christopher Rush,
Arthur Tappan, George Whipple,
S. S. Jocelyn, Willam Lillie,
Lewis Tappen, J. Wagner,
William E. Whiting, Charler B. Ray,
Luther Lee, Thos. Ritter, M. D,
Alexander Macdonald.

New York, Febuary .1850,

☞Editors throughout the country are earnestly requested to insert the foregoing and the annexed forms of Petitions,

PETITION

To Secure to Alleged Fugitives the Right of Trial by Jury,

To the Congress of the United States

The undersigned, citizens and electors of the State of , residing in , in the Coentry of , respectfully repuest thate provision be made by law, that whenever a person shall be arrested as a fugitive sleve in any State othe then that in which he is alleged to be held to service, he shall not be delivered to the claimant or his agent except on the finding of a Jury that he is the slave of the claimant

PETITION

For the Repeal of all Laws, enacted or adopted by Congress, for the support of Slavery in the District of Columbia.

To the Congress of the United States;

The Undersigned, citizens and electors of the State of , residing in ; in the County of , respectfully pray for the repeal of all laws and parts of laws adopted or enacted by Congress, by which Slavery or the Slave trade is authorized or sanctioned in the City of Washington or the District of Columbia, and that in the event of their non repeal, seat of the National Government may be removed to some more suitable location.

PETITION

Against the Admission of more Slave States into the Union.

To the Congress of the United States:

The undersigned, citizens and electors of the State of , residing in , in the County of , respectfully pray that no state be hereafter admitted into the Union, unless the constitution of such State shall expressly prohibit the existence of slavery within its limits.

Petition.

For the Establishment and Protection of Freedom in the Territories of the United States.

To the Congress of the united states,

The undersigned, citizens and electors of the state of , residing in , in the county of, , respectfully pray that slavery and the slave trade may be expressly prohibited by act of congress in all the Territories of the united states."

☞So you all see now who Judge Jay is. Gerrit Smith, one of the leaders of this party at a Convention held at Syracuse N. Y., one of the resolutions adopted, was that instead of sending bills to the slaves, they were suggesting to send them pocket compasses and pistols!!

☞Members can learn all they want of the Slave question at Shillingtons, in a new pamphlet, called Abolition Unveiled.

☞We are anxious for some time to know what new disciption is introduced into Congress Post Office. We have been in the habit of meeting our friends there on account of the light. But some weeks we found the place occupied by rude people, and impolitely allowed to withdraw. We took the Hall for it, and from the darkness which reigns there, we spoiled the portraits of many of our friends, particularly a member from Con. at which we are much pained.

☞Our readers may look out for a treat in next paper.

THE FELLOWSVLLE DEMOCRAT.

Is published on friday of each week at Fellowsville, preston county Virginia by S. Hermans.

Terms, one dollar and twenty five cents per annum, if paid in advance, one dollar and seventy five cents within six months, or two dollars and twenty five cents at the expiration of the year, terms strictly adhered to.

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All advertisements will be inserted until ordered out, unless the time for which they are to be continued is specified and charged accordingly.

yearly advertisers will be charged Twelve dollars and fifty cents with the privileg of occupying a space not exceeding two squares or half column, Twenty dollars.

Letters and communications must hence dressed to the Fellowsville Democrat. Fellowsville Preston co. Va

Millinery and Fancy Store.

Mrs Clavs letscher formerly Mrs Bihler begs leave to return her greatful thanks to the citizens of washington for their generous patronage, and respectfully informs them that she has just received an extensive assortment of Millinery of the latest paris fashions With a variety of the richest laces, satins silk velvets and ribons bonnets &c.

DR TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA
Most extraordinary Medicine in the world

This Extract is put in quart bottles. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cured diseases, without vomting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body.

IT HAS PERFORMED MORE THAN 15.000 CURES THIS YEAR.

1,000 cures of Rheumatism.
1,000 cures of Dyspepsia.
2,500 cures of General Debility and Want of Nervous Energy.
30,000 Female Complaints, and over 7,000 cures of Diseases of the Blood viz:

Ulcers, scrofula, erysipelas, salt rheum, pimples on the face, &c., together with nerous cases of consumption liver com p ns aple affections, &c This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our agents from all parts of the United States informing us of extraordinary cures. R Van Buskirk. Esq., one of the most respectable druggists in Newark, New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more than one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the city of N. York which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character well known.

OPINIONS OF PHYSICIANS.

Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify th t we, the undersigned physicians of the city of Albany, have ginn merous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sae saparilla and beleive to be one of the mst valuble preptrations of Sarparilla in t he Market.

P H. Pubby, M. D. R. B. Briggs, M. D.
P E. Elmendorf, M. D.
Albany, April 1, 1845.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island:

GREENPORT July 19, 1846.

DR. TOWNSENDS—Dear Sir—it is with satisfaction that I have recently witnessed, in several cases the most beneficial results from your extract of Sarsaparilla. Be engaged in the practice of medicine, I have prescribed it in several cases, and never without benefit. In the removal of diseases arrising from a derranged state of the digestive orvans, jaundice, &c if far exceeds any thing of the kind ever offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen, &c.

Respectfully yours,
C. S. PRESTON, M D.

UNITED STATES OFFICER.

Capt G W Mclean, Member of the Legislature, and late of the U. S. Navy, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

RAHWAY Jan. 25 1847.

A few years since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

After taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and that I improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G W. McLEAN.

SCROFULA CURED.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented,

THREE CHILDREN.

DR. TOWNSEND—Dear Sir, I have the pleasure to inform you that three of my children have been cured of the scrofula by the use of your excellent medicine. They were afflicted very severely with bad sores; having taken only four bottles; it took them away; for which I feel myself under deep obligation.

yours respectfully,
ISAAC W. CRAIN, 108 Woost
NEW YORK. March 1, 1847.

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Is published on Friday of each week at Fellowsville, Preston county Virginia by S. Heermans.

Terms, one dollar and 25 cents per annum, if paid in advance, one dollar and seventy five cents within six months, or two dollars & and twenty five cents at the expiration of the year, terms strictly adhearad to.

Rates of advertiseting. Twelve lines or less one insertion, fifty cents, three do. one dollar. Larger ones in proportion.

All advertisements will be inserserted until ordered out, unless the time for which they are to be continued is specified and charged accordingly.

Yearly advertisers will be charged Twelve dollars and fifty cents with the privilage of occupying a space not exceeding two squares, half column, twenty dollars.

Letters and communications must be addressed to the editor, F. B. WOODWARD, a Fellowsville, Preston co. Va.

R. W. LATHAM & CO'S. EXCHANGE & BANKING HOUSE,

Corner of seventh and D sts. opposite Nat. Intelligencer. Bank notes on all solvent banks in the United States bought and sold at the best rates.

Drafts, notes and bills on Washington, Georgetown, and Alexandria, collected and remittances promptly made in Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, or Boston, funds at a charge of one quarter per cent, collections made on all the principle cities of the Union upon the most favorable terms.

Exchange, bills of exchange and bank checks on the most principal cities of the Union bought and sold at the best rates.

A MAMMOTH ENTERPRISE

FAMILY MESSENGER AND NATIONAL GLEANER.

The undersigned having purchased the establishment of Alexanders 'Pictorial Messenger,' and Harding's 'Saturday Gleaner,' intends consolidating both papers and issuing a *weekly* journal under the above title.

It is designed to make it emphatically what its name implies a Family Newspaper, devoted to all the varied matters which will serve to render it an agreeable and useful weekly visitor.

This popular Newspaper has won its way to a high place in the estimation of the reading puplic as Family and News Journal and can boast a patronage such as it seldom sequierd by similar publications.

It will be the design of the proprietors by the introduction of new and attractive features to render it in future more worthy than ever of the favor it has received, and they naturally desire that their enterprice should be aided by all who desire the prosperity and success of a Literary Journal of elevated character and high more tone.

The approach of the long winter evening will renddr such a paper an agreeable visitor in every family circle and the inducements offered to clubs are such as to justify the hope that active efforts will be made to increase our subscription list in every town and village throughtout the country

Read, examine and compare and then judge whether the "Messenger and Gleaner' is not in an eminent degree, just such a paper as will give a zest to social intercourse, and prove in every respect, an unexceptionable fireside companion.

Besides furnishing choice literary articles, from the most approved authors, whose talents have been secured to enrich the columns of the Family Messenger and Gleaner, the current news will be given upon the latest period of the day of publication, and care will be taken to furnish our agricultural friends with a store of information, together with accurately prepared statements of the prevailing Markets, &c. &c.

It will be our aim to please the tastes of our readers, numbering as they do, thousands upon thousands, and we hope to be so successful in our endeavors, as to merit for "The Family Messenger and Gleaner.' the acknowledgment, on the part of the reading public, that it is not only, the cheapest but the best newspaper in the country.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy will be furnished for one dollar.

Seven Coppies	$6,00
Twelve copies	$10,00
Twenty copies	$16,00
Twenty-six copies	$20,00
Thirty three copies	25,00
Forty copies	30.00
Fifty copies	35,00

Payments in all cases to be made in advance.

☞ For three dollars, we will furnish one copy of 'The Family Messenger and Gleaner,' and a copy of Graham's unrivaled American *Magazine* for one year

SAMUEL D. PATTERSON,
No. 98 Chesnut Street, Philadelpha

STEAMBOAT HOTEL

The subscriber having taken the large and commodious Hotel on seventh street one door from the corner of Pennsylvania avenue, facing the Centre Market, recently occupied by John G. Cook, esq.

Of this long established house, for convenience and comfortable apartments, little need be said. The subscriber also long known to the public, is prepared to accommodate boarders and travellers at the shortest notice. His table is plentifully furnished with the best the market affords, prepared by experienced cook and attentive servants.

His bar is furnished equal to any in be United States.

August 23 1846. JOHN WEST

GREEN TREE HOUSE,

BY JAMES MCGRAW

Three doors west of the railroad depo Pennsylvania Avenue,
WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.

Best of board and lodging at $3, per week, or 75 cents per day.

Meals ready at all hours, at 25 cents each. Bar supplied with superior liquors and cigars.

PROSPECTUS
OF
THE FRIEND OF YOUTH
A Monthly Newspaper.

MRS. MARGARET L. BAILEY, EDITOR.

The Friend of Youth will be issued on the first of every month in quarto form, eight pages on fine paper, in neat new type, and with tasteful embellishments.

Our object will be to make the paper an attractive companion for youth. While we please, we shall also aim to form their tastes. In addition to agreeable Stories, Lessons on Natural History, Descriptions of Natural Scenery, Sketches of Travel, and Notices of New Books for children, we shall converse, with them, In language adapted to their comprehension, about the important events of the present era. We know this is not usually done in such publications, but we think we do not mistake the taste or capacity of young people, when we suppose them to feel some interest in the world they live in, beyond the nursery, the school-room, and the play-ground. It shall also be our care to interest them on all great subjects connected with the well being of mankind. Freedom, Peace, and Temperance, shall receive our weep with the suffering, we hope to awaken in them a generous abhorrence of all wrong, and and an earnest love and reverence for all that is just and pure, and while thus inculcating the lessons of love to man, we can not forget the supreme obligations due to the great Father and Benefactor of all.

We hope to succeed in adapting our paper to all ages of youth, so that while the elder brothers and sisters have a fue share of our attention, the little ones shall not be forgotton. They are our special favorites, and shall be cared for accordingly.

To secure variety of entertainment, we have engaged as regular contributors to our columns, several well-known and distinguished writers, peculiarly qualified to minister to the wants of Youth. Among them, we are at liberty to name—T. S. Arthur and Emma D. E. N. Southworth. In short we hope to make the paper just such a "Friend" as young people will be glad to see, and sorry to part with.

As this Prospectus may reach many of the former friends and patrons of the 'Youth's Monthly Visiter,' a paper which we established and edited for nearly three years at Cincinnati, we cannot forbear expressing the great pleasure it will give us to renew our former intercourse with them. The little children who then received the 'Visitor' as a welcome guest, are now almost grown up men and women. But they will perhaps find some little brother or sister or cousin to, whom they may introduce us as an old friend.

The first number will be issued on the first of November.

The terms will be—fifty cents a year for a single copy, five copies for $2, or every person forwarding us four names, with two dollars, shall be entitled to one copy gratis.

It is desirable that the names of subscribers be sent in with as little delay as possible. All communications must be addressed to—

MRS. MARGARET L. BAILEY,
Washington, D; C.

THE BELLOWS FALLS GAZETTE.

CONDUCTED BY JOHN W. MOOR.

TERMS.

$1,50 in advance, $1.75 if paid at the end of six months, and $2,00 at the end of a year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid—except at the discretion of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS

conspicuously inserted at the rate of $1 per square, (a square being 12 lines,) to three weeks. Advertisements less than a square, or less than twelve lines inserted three weeks for 75 cents.

Business advertisements will be kep in until ordered out for which will be charged 12 1-2, cents extra per square each week.

☞ All notices of meetings, societies & of individual interest will be charged as Advertisements to those who order them published.

Postage must be paid on all letters and communications addressed to the publishers, in order to ensure, attention.

Office in Engine Block—Up Stairs

THE
SATURDAY EVENING POST
UNRIVALLED INDUCEMENTS FOR 1847

A MAMMOTH PAPER.
DEVOTED TO MORALITY, PURE LITERATURE, FOREIGN AND DOMESTC NEWS, AGRICULTURE, SCIENCE, ART AND AMUSEMENT.

This paper coatains from one-fourth to one half more than the generality of two Dollar city weeklies.

The Proprietors of the SATURDAY EVENING POST return their cincere thanks to their friends and the public for the patronage extended to them since the enlargement of their paper, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. The belief expressed in their last Prospectus, that the POST is destined to take its stand at the very head of the weekly press, is fast becoming realized. The reason of this is in a great degree, to be found in the stand the POST has always taken against the immoral literature of the day. The public have felt, in the language of the North American and United States Gazette, of this city, that "The Post has done much towards correcting the taste of the newspaper reading public."

The proprietors of the Saturday Evening Post, in coming before the public with a new Prospectus, would respectfully solicit attention to what they have done in the past, as a guarantee for their promises of the future. They may safely say that no other paper in America has given to its readers so large and well chosen an amount of all kinds of reading, elegant and useful imaginative and practical, during the last year as the Post. To say nothing of other tales and sketches, what paper has laid before its subscribers during the past year four such novelets as *Henery Benson,' 'The child Stealer,' Isabel Denison,'* and The Deserted Wife?'

And the proprietors of the Post are determined that if possible the coming year shall be even a more brilliant one then the past. To begin with they have already secured the following original contributions, which will be published and other choice pictures of life during the coming year:

The Baymouts: A Novelet by Miss Leslie; author of "Mrs, Washington Potts, &c., &c.

The Bride Of An Evening, A Tale Of Western Life A Novelet, by Mrs Southworth, author of "retribution,' 'The Deserted Wife.' &c

The Old Astrologer or, The Prophecy Fulfilled, A Novelet by T S Arthur, author of 'agnes or the Possessed,' the Child stealer,' &c,

The Belle And the Blue; A Novelet by Craoline Lee Hentz, author of "The Mob Cap,' 'Aunt Patty's scrap Bag," &c,

TERMS.

The terms to single subscribers are 2,00 dols per annum, in advance, 3,00, if not paid in advance. For five dollars in advance, one copy will be sent three years.

TERMS TO CLUBS,

In order to accommodate the large number who wish to take a first class paper, but mistakingly think they cannot afford it, we continue the following low terms for Clubs—to be sent, in the city, to one address, and, in the country, to one Post Office:

4 COPIES,
8 (And one to Agent, or getter up of he Club) 10,00
13 do do do 15,00

Lady's Book for six dollars.

Three Copies of the Saturday Evening Post and two of the Ladies Garland for five dollars

Two Copies of the Saturday Evening Post, and two of the Fountain, (containing 288 pages of original letter press, and 8 of Sartains best Magazine engraving,) for four dollars.

DEACON & PETERSON. No 66 South third Street, Philadelphia.

SPLENDID
DAGUERREOTYPE PICTURES,
In Imitation of Miniatures on Ivory.
Made only at
CARVALHO'S GALLERY.

Over the ODEON, Corner of 4½ Street and penn. avenue, and Carvalho's GALLERY of Fine arts, no. 205 Baltimore street, Baltimore.

Ladies, or gentlemen, having Pictures taken at this Establishment are not required to pay for them unless they are perfectly satisfactory.

The greatest care taken in producing correct Likenesses of Children, which by a new process, can be accomplished in two seconds of time. A private dressing Room has been provided for Ladies.

Persons in want of a classically arranged picture, are politely requested to visit this gallery. N. B. Cloudy weather the best time to make Daguerreotypes of grown persons.

DOCTOR
D. V. Quenaudon's
Office.
Penn. Avenue, south side,
2d door West of 12 street.

THE GLOBE,

Congressional, Agricultural, and Literary Newspaper.

The Editors of the Congressional Globe propose a new publication. To deserve the patronage which Congress has accorded to their reports of its debates, in receiving and making the Globe the official register, they intend to add promptitude to whatever merit has hitherto recommended the work. They will publish a Daily Globe, to record the proceedings and debates as they occur, and a Congressional Globe periodically as heretofore, embodying the reports of Congress separate from the miscellaneous matter which will accompany them in the daily print. To fill the sheet of the daily newspaper, it is designed to gather the news from all quarters, and complete the contents by drawing from every source whatever may be of most interest among literary novelties, and of greatest utility in science, art, or agriculture. For material the leading journals and periodicals of France and Great Britain, treating of such subjects will be consulted and it is hoped, advantageously used. Original essays, especially on topics connected with agriculture, will be obtained from the most enlightened land practical men of our country.

The Globe as a newspaper, and as a vehicle of information and amusement in other respects will be under the charge of Francis P. Blair and James C. Pickett. The Congressional department and business concerns of the paper will be under the management of John C. Rives. The public are familiar with Blair and Rives as connected with the press. In introducing Mr Pickett as one of the concern they will be allowed to say a few words of him. He is a gentleman favorably known to the Government, for the talent and judgment which distinguished his diplomatic service while connected with the mission to Quito, and more recently when Charge d'Affaires to Peru. From him mainly the Globe will derive the selections and translations from the foreign continental journals and periodicals, the comments on them and the other literary articles which will be found among its chief attractions. F. P. Blair will give his attention principally to the English periodicals.

The Globe will be published daily during the session of Congress and weekly the balance of the year and will undergo distribution in the form of a Weekly Globe, a Congressional Globe and Appendix.

The Weekly Globe will contain agricultural and miscellaneous articles.

The Congressional Globe will embody as it has done for the last sixteen years, Congressional proceedings and debates exclusively.

The Appendix will embrace the revised speeches separately and the messages of the President of the United States and the reports of the Heads of the Executive Departments.

The Congressional Globe and appendix will be published as fast as the proceedings of Congress will make a number. Subscribers may expect one number of each a week during the first four weeks of a session and two or three numbers of each a week afterwards, until the end of the session.

Complete indexes to the Congressional Globe and appendix, will besent to subscribers soon after Congress adjourns.

TERMS.

For one copy of the Daily Globe daily during the session of Congress, and weekly during the recess, a year, $5 00

For one copy of the Weekly Globe one year, 2 00

For one copy of the Congressional Globe during the present session, if subscribed for before the first of January, 1 00

For one copy of the Appendix during the present session, if subscribed for before the first of January, 1 00

For six copies of either the Congressional Globe or the appendix, or part of both, 5 00

The subscription for the Congressional Gobe or the Appendix after the 10th of January will be $1 50. The original price of one dollar does not pay the expense of the publications in consequence of the great increase of matter published

BLAIR & RIVES,

Washington December 5, 1848

THE FELLOWSVLLE DEMOCRAT.

Is published on friday of each week at Fellowsville, preston county Virginia by S. Hermans.

Terms, one dollar and twenty five cents per annum, if paid in advance, one dollar and seventy five cents within six months, or two dollars and twenty five cents at the expiration of the year, terms strictly adhered to.

Rates of Advertising. Twelve lines or less, one insertion, fifty cents, three do. one dollar. Larger ones in proportion.

All advertisements will be inserted until ordered out, unless the time for which they are to be continued is specified and charged accordingly.

yearly advertisers will be charged Twelve dollars and fifty cents with the privileg of occupying a space not exceeding two squares or half column, Twenty dollars.

Letters and communications must be addressed to the Fellowsville Democrat. Fellowsville Preston co. Va

Millinery and Fancy Store,

Mrs Clavs letscher formerly Mrs Bibler begs leave to return her greatful thanks to the citizens of washington for their generous patronage, and respectfully informs them that she has just received an extensive assortment of Millinery of the latest paris fashions With a variety of the richest laces, satins silk velvet and ribons bonnets &c.

THE ATLAS,

PUBLISHED WEEKLY,

By HERRICK & ROPES,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,

No 111 Nassau street (second floor) between Beekman and Ann streets.

TERMS.—To Mail subscribers, One Dollar per annum, invariable in advance. No paper is continued longer than paid for, nor is any paper sent from this office before it is paid for. In order to afford the paper at the extremely low price which we do, a strict adhearence to this rule is absolutely necessary.

Subscribers in this city, Harlem, Williamsbug, Brooklyn, Jersy city and Staten Island are served by regular carriers at one shilling per month, or three cents per copy.

Terms of Advertising.— One square (sixteen lines), first insertion, one dollar eight lines, or less, fifty cents—each subsequent insertion, half price.

G. BROOKE & CO

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Washington, Georgetown and Alexandria, and the public generally that they havemade such arangements with the publishers and others as to enable them to offer inducements to subscribers and others, that are not to be met with at any other establishment in the District:

from their long and familiar acquaintancewith the business in this city, they feel confident that they can give satisfaction to all customers who may be pleased to favor them with a call, and they assure subscribers and public that no pains will be spared to make the Literary depot corner of Pennsylvania avenue and fourteenth street, equal to any establishment of the kind south of New York

THE BELLOWS FALLS GAZETTE.

CONDUCTED BY JOHN W. MOOR.

TERMS.

$1,50 in advance, $1,75 if paid at the end of six months, and $2,00 at the end of a year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid—except at the discretion of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS conspicuously inserted at the rate of $1 per square, (a square being 12 lines,) to three weeks. Advertisements less than a square, or less than twelve lines inserted three weeks for 75 cents.

Business advertisements will be kept in until ordered out for which will be charged 12 1-2 cents extra per square each week.

☞All notices of meetings, societies & of individual interest will be charged as Advertisements to those who order them published.

Postage must be paidon all letters and communications addressed to the publishers, in order to ensure attention.

Office in Engine Block—Up Stairs

GREEN TREE HOUSE,

By JAMES MCGRNN

Three doors west of the railroad depot Pennsylvania Avenue.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.

Best of board and lodging at $3, per week, or 75 cents per day.

Meals ready at all hours, at 25 cents each. Bar supplied with superior liquors and cigars.

TO SUIT THE TIMES— TOBACCO CIGARS, & SNUFF,

WHOLESALE, AND RETAIL.

The Subscriber respectfully informs friends and the public generally that he has commenced the above business at No. 6 of Gadsby's Hotel. Having been in experience of four or five years and a thorough practical knowledge of the manufacture of Tobacco in all its varieties, it may confidently be expected that he will keep on hand the most excellent articles, and at uncommon low price too, in the tobacco line imported into this country. He hopes by a devotedness to his business to meet with encouragement from a generous public whom it will be his greatest desire to please. He has now in store and for sale the following choice brands of Tobacco, cigars, and snuff,

Regi	Priepnir Pe
Reformal	Principe degan
Imperial	Principe Mellis
Cazadores	Havana Legitimr
Rifle	Tobbaccos superio
Industry	Anones

Also cigars of every variety extant.

Chewing tobacco.

Bridge's Diamond, Jessee Hares sun cured Russell Robertsons Wright,

Oleys old shop small lump of v. bdr

Snuff,

Presidents mixture	Rappee
Macaboy	Natchitoches
Congress	Snuff boxes of b,

N. B: The undersigned will do business on the cash system and consequently will be able to furnish goods at least 25 cents cheaper than any other establishment in the District.

W. H. WINTER

RAIL-ROAD HOTEL.

The undeirmenoned having taken the above well known Hotel, recently occupied by P Moran, East of the Rail Road Depot, between 1st and 2d Streets, is now prepared to accommodate any number of persons that may favor them with a call. Their table will be supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and the bar with the choicest liquors.

Regular boarders received at moderate prices.

The subscriber feels grateful for past favors and hopes by strict attention to business, and determination please, to merit an increase of public patronag

MICHAEL BRADY.

THE IRON CITY

The cheapest Paper in the West

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR.

This paper hearafter will be furnished subcribers on the following

TERMS.

For one year paid in advance,	$1,00
do do, paid within three months	1,00
If not paid until the end of the year,	1,50

Whitney and Dunn

GARDENANDFLOWERSEED

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, at

J, F, CALLAN'S

Drug store corner E 7, Sts.

Among which may be found the following, Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans of various kinds Beets of every variety, Brussel's Sprouts, brocell, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts, of Carrots do, do. Cauliflowers late and early Cellery, white and red, Cherfu, or Salad, Corn. Salad peppergras, Cucumber late and early corn, early prolific and sweet egg plant, white and purple, endive Curled Kale all the best sorts, Melons and Cantelopes Nasturtium, okra, excelent for soups, onions white red and silver Parsley, plain and curld Parsnips, large Pears very early, and late pepper squash and others Pumpkins Radishes, vegetable Oysters, spinage Squash of every variety, turnips the finest kind of turnips all the onion setts &c.

TO THE FRIENDS OF "THE PLOUGH LOOM, AND ANVIL."

POPULAR as this journal is, and so far successful beyond any heretofore established, its income is yet something short of paying its own expenses, leaving the editors to live on air or hope, neither of which is very substantial deit. Now, as we believe that we have not a friend who would willingly see the man want bread who has been more than thirty years teaching others how to make it, we at once frankly solicit our present patrons to use their influence to average one more subscriber each, and then "the Plough, the Loom, and the Anvil," and those who are working at it, will be doing what is commonly called a safe bussiness, and not until then. We are truly sorry to be under the necesity of making this appeal, for, could we afford it, we would rejoice, as on past occasions. to show that we would most willingly work as hard, gratuitously for the great industrial interests of the country, as we are now doing in the hope of at least a scanty support

P.S. We shall not fail to note the favor if any kind brother Editor should give this a place in his paper to help along one of the oldest of the fraternity.

TERMS of the PLOUGH, LOOM, and ANVIL, $10 for five subscribers, $5 for two, and $3 for one, or $5 for two years subscription, 64 pages a month.

address, J. S. SKINNER & SON, 81 Dock street, PHILADELPHI June 2, 1849

M'MAKIN'S MODEL AMERICAN COURIER,

The Courier is neutral in Politics and Religion and independent on all other subjects of public interest. General Editor, ANDREW M'MAKIN, whose association with, and editorship of the Courier for thirteen years have received the warmest commendation from the Press and the people all over the Union, Associate editor T. S Arthur author of Riches Have Wings Rising in the World Six Nights with the Washingtonians, "Maiden Wife and Mother 'Sweethearts and Wives' Lovers and Husbands,' &c'

The Publisher deems it wholly unnecessary to occupy time and space in further comment of either the moral literary or typographical character of American Courier, it having become proverbial for its chasteness usefulness and general excellence but a few disinterested endersements may be given as credentials of the Press, viz:

From the "Montreal Transcript.' 'Then the American Courier a better paper is not published in the United States.'

From the Boston Mirror. 'the American Courier has blended within its massive columns a combination of all that is choice and elegant in modern literature.

From the 'Warsaw Ill. Reporter.'— is emphatically the great 'Model Newspaper'.

From the' Thomaston Me. Recorder,'—'It is the paper of all papers in the literary world.'

From the 'N. Y. National Standard,'—'The handsomest paper in the United States.'

From the 'Williamsburgh Ohio Hearld.'—'The cheapest newspaper in the world.'

From the 'Pittsburgh portestant Unionist.'—'It renders competition utterly hopeless.'

From the 'New Jersy Advocate.'—'It is a Model which very few of us are likely to come up to.'

From the 'Louisiana Me. Democratic Banner.'——"If you want a paper containing a perfect feast of reason and a flow of soul,' subscribe for the American Courier.'

The editor of the american courier feels confident that not a pledge will be required of time to the character of the new paper, other than that it will be a family newspaper, neueral in politics and religion; chaste in morality and moderate but elevated in tone and sentiment. His long connection with the "Saturday courier,'—which, under at least his co editorship, reached the largest similar circulation in the world,—will be ample pledge that every intelligent and respectable family in the land may safely confide in his taste, judgment and energy, with the aid of comparatively unlimited capital, to cater for their mental appetite

The contents of the american Courier.

Among the standard features of the american courier, will be—a new series of 'Washington Legends,' by George Lippard, esq. The 'portrait Gallery' of poets and their poetry—each Biography Illustrated, Original domestic tales, by themost distinguished writers of the day. Original essays, sketches, poems, and letters on useful and important subjects, engraved views of persons, scenes and things of interest Select tales from the best english and american authors. The "Modern Spectator, in wich it will be designed to

"eye nature's walk, shoot Folly as it flies
and catch the manners living as they rise

TERMS OF AMERICAN COURIER

☞The Terms of the American Courier for a single year are two Dollars per ann. put in order to continue an immense circulation the Publisher still proposes to Clubs or Companies the Follwing Terms best ever offered! payment inveriably in Advance.

Four Copies of the American courier	$5!!
Eight " (and one for the agent)	10!!
Thirteen	15!!
Twenty	20!!

Over Twenty copies at the same rate as the last.

Two copies of the American Courier and Sears or Sartins Magazine one year, $4

Three " " " and one Sartins or Sears' Pictoral magazine, american revolution, or Great Britain, 6

Six " " and two copies of either Sears' or Sartin's magazine, american revolution or Great Britain, 10

☞Members of old 'clubs' are perfectly eligible to the offers to new ones.

☞All communications must be addressed, post paid; to

ANDREW M'MAKIN:

No: 141 Chestnut street, above Fourth

DAGUERREAN GALLERY.

VAN LOAN & CHASE present their compliments, and solicit an early visit to their

DAGUERRAN GALLERY.

at the ODEON, corner 4 1-2 street and pean avenue.

Where canbe seen specimens of these exquisite Works of Art, which are pronounced by Scientific Gentlemen of the city to stand unrivaled either in Europe or America.

It is a common idea that these pictures will not stand the test of time. Ladies and gentlemen are apprized that all such defect is entirely removed; these pictures will never fade. Their various and important improvements enable them to give such pleasing resemblance the none can fail to be perfectly satisfied, and without the tediousness of being compelled to sit more than a few seconds.